Chicago Daily Tribune

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VOL. VIII.—OLD SERIES. | CHICAGO, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 7, 1854. | TERMS—EIGHT DOLLARS PER YEAR. NEW SERIES.—VOL. II

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

MONROE & NICHOLAS, ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LA No. 48 CLARK STREET, (Up Stairs) CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

HARVEY B. HURLBUT, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, And General Land Agent. NORTH-EASTERN COUNTY, ILLINOIS. LA SALLE, Ill. ly

D. A. BURNHAM, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, No. 48 CLARK ST., CHICAGO. Office in the building of the Chicago Hydraulic Co., on the corner of Lake and Water streets, Chicago.

H. C. KELLY, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, Office, corner of Clark and Randolph streets, over the Post Office, Chicago. Will practice in the Courts of Cook and Du Page counties.

JAMES CLAPP, JR., ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW, No. 51 Dearborn St., Chicago.

JOHN WOODBRIDGE JR. Attorney and Counsellor at Law, COLLECTIONS AND EXCHANGE. CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

PASCHALL WOODWARD, Attorney & Counsellor at Law, CONVEYANCER AND REAL ESTATE AGENT, OFFICE AT HIS RESIDENCE, Hyde Park, Illinois. Will faithfully attend to all business entrusted to him.

Medical Cards.

DR. C. C. BELTON would respectfully announce to the inhabitants of Chicago, that he has opened an office at the Tremont House, where he will be found during the day, and at his residence, No. 6 Wells street, at night. Dr. B. will attend to the treatment of Chronic Diseases, and to the practice of Medicine and Surgery generally.

E. MAYOR, M. D., HOMŒOPATHIC PHYSICIAN, Office and Residence, 104 Madison street, Chicago.

DR. WILCOX, Dentist, HAS REMOVED TO No. 90, Dearborn Street, Chicago, (Opposite the Tremont House.)

NEW AND VALUABLE DISCOVERY. Great Improvement in Artificial Teeth. DR. E. TAFT, Surgeon Dentist, would respectfully announce to the citizens of Chicago and vicinity, that he has discovered a method of inserting Artificial Teeth, which for durability, comfort and appearance, is unsurpassed by any now in use. Those who are in want of anything in his line, will find it to their advantage to call at his rooms, No. 94 Lake street, over Hall & Raymond's Jewelry Store. Chicago, Aug. 1, 1854.

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CHICAGO DAILY TRIBUNE, THURSDAY MORNING, SEPTEMBER 7, 1854.

DAILY TRIBUNE.

CITY OF CHICAGO.

THURSDAY MORNING SEPTEMBER 7, 1854.

IMPORTANT POLITICAL CONVENTION.

The following call for a Convention of all who are united in opposition to the extension of slavery, or the admission in this Union of any more slave States, is one of the most important political movements that has occurred in this city for many years. The majority of those whose names are attached, are known as our oldest and most influential citizens, and all, with half a dozen exceptions, have been noted for their conservative predilections, on the Slavery question, in years past. Nothing could show more eminently than this fact the condition of the popular mind here at this time.

To those who are personally acquainted with the signers, it will be apparent that three-fourths of them have heretofore been unwavering Whigs. Many of them were the most honorable and reliable of the party in this city, and no ordinary consideration could induce them to give up their allegiance to it. We can safely say, without fear of contradiction, that there are not any respectable men in this city, who are not already identified with some one of the parties, who will accord with those who call the Convention. If there are any exceptions, they are so few as to be unworthy of notice, or persons whose sympathies and feelings have been inextricably identified with the Douglas Nebraska party.

We may also say, from personal knowledge, that the gentlemen whose names are attached to the call, are sincerely desirous of meeting, as political brethren, with all who favor the objects set forth—the restriction of slavery—regardless of past party associations. To Whigs, Democrats, Free Soilers and Liberty party men, who entertain similar sentiments, they offer an cordial welcome to their Councils. They do not desire office—there is not an office seeker among them—their only desire being the return of the government to first principles, and an honest and enlightened administration of its affairs according to them. The Democrats who unite in the call—and they are men of high standing and indispensable character—understand this feeling, and appreciate it in the fullest extent.

We trust the members of all parties, who honestly desire to bring about a condition of things as desirable as a perfect union of the Free States in favor of freedom, will meet them in a corresponding spirit of magnanimity. If they act as becomes true men, we certainly feel warranted in the assurance that there will be the most perfect union, and that under their direction our country will soon recover from the shame of broken compacts and other acts of disbelief which the present administration has been guilty of. The crisis is upon us all, and no just man will seek to evade the responsibility of it. Party prejudices, and that false pride which we all have to a greater or less degree for party names and associations, should be given up, as incompatible with the duties devolving upon us in the present exigency. We must give up shadows—for such alone divide the great mass of the people of the free States—and grasp the substance, —the principles on which we agree. But to the call:

PEOPLE'S CONVENTION.

The citizens of Cook County, opposed to the extension of Slavery, and who are willing to forget all old party distinctions, and make a common cause to secure Free Territory for Free Men, and to prevent the admission of any more Slave States, are requested to meet at the South Market Hall, at 2 o'clock on Friday, September 15th, to appoint delegates to attend a Congressional Convention at Aurora on the 20th, and also delegates to attend a State Convention at Springfield on Wednesday the 4th day of October.

CHARLES WALKER,	GEORGE W. DOLE,
WM. H. BROWN,	WM. JONES,
C. B. HOMER,	JNO. H. KINZIE,
G. F. HIGGINS,	EDWARD KELLOGG,
A. J. BROWN,	E. C. LARNED,
GRANT GOODRICH,	CHARLES CLEAVES,
THOMAS RICHMOND,	GEORGE STEELE,
CHARLES BUTLER,	ALBERT BERLY,
ISAAC SHERMAN,	SAM'L D. WARD,
GEORGE MANIERRE,	ALBERT KERR,
D. O. SHEARMAN,	HOYTE HAMMOND,
O. P. AVERY,	W. F. DODGUET,
GEO. W. SNOW,	C. O. THOMPSON,
A. D. WILLIAMS,	J. W. TAUSSIG,
R. M. MICKELL,	JAMES WARDWELL,
H. M. RICHMOND,	ISAAC N. HARMON,
THOMAS HALE,	S. E. PEMBERT,
E. S. HEMAN,	H. D. HOUGH,
W. W. MITCHELL,	JARED GAGE,
J. B. DAGGETT,	O. N. HEMENWAY,
H. MCKINLEY,	H. MCKINLEY,
J. M. RICHARDS,	D. W. GALE,
HIRAM BROWN,	CHAS. H. HUNT,
H. D. BARRETT,	H. H. HATHEN,
DANIEL CRANE,	EDWIN CLARK,
J. F. JEWETT,	WM. P. DANA,
N. S. COBURN,	HIRAM REYNOLDS,
DANIEL BOOTHBY,	JOSEPH JOHNSTON,
J. JEWETT,	TUTHILL KING.
A. D. GARDNER,	

☞ The *Journal* is an "artful dodger." It evades the issue which was presented to it, and does and come up to the mark at all. It says:

We will now give the names of those gentlemen whom we referred to as having been present at the meeting of Friday night and having taken the lead, and we defy any man of that meeting to look and see all that are to be seen or named. Most of those say that they do not wish to be considered as having been at a meeting. Tribune, but on a question of veracity will not withhold their testimony. The names are these:

J. L. MILLER,	B. MCVICKAR,
JOHN L. PETTIT	JOHN L. PETTIT
S. P. STRONG,	THOS. HOYNE,
THOMAS R. WILLIAMS,	HENRY G. MILLER,
J. YOUNG SCAMMON,	HARRIS I. WILLS,
J. HADLEY,	C. G. T. PEARSON.

The ladies are on our side. Now, the *Journal* knows that we did not deny that these gentlemen were "present at the meeting on Friday night," or that they were "on the stand, or so near it that they were able to hear and see" all that occurred. That's not the point at issue.—We ourself mentioned the fact of some of these men being on the stand, and we have no doubt but that all of them have care big enough to hear all that passed. The point at issue is, "Did certain things which transpired on having taken place at that meeting actually occur?" We say they did. The *Journal says they did not*, and to prove it gives the names of gentlemen who were present at the meeting, and on the stand.—But these gentlemen *do not say that our report* was incorrect. *They do not say anything at all.* Their names are published and that is all. They neither deny or affirm, nor speak in any way. The *Journal* makes a fool of itself, to no good purpose, by such artful dodging as that.—It won't do, Charley! When you get these men, or any other men, to sign a certificate saying that the statement of each of which the *Journal* says are false, *are false*, we will prove that they are true. Till then we will not trouble ourself about it. The eight thousand people who were there *know we spoke the truth*, and no one, except *the Journal*, has *yet said that we have not.*

From the above was written, we accidentally came across one of the gentlemen whose names the *Journal* publishes. A mentioned the circumstance to him. He immediately said that he was not aware of the fact; that he had never given any authority to the *Journal* to use his name, nor did he think on account of the meeting was fraternal. Well may the *Journal say*, it "*made no effort to obtain them!*" We guess it didn't. How many more of them published were "obtained" in the same way, who can tell? How contemptible is such blackguardism!

☞ The daily papers of St. Louis ought to be under great obligations to us. We have been, for some time past, a perfect godsend to them.—For several days past, the leading article in the *St. Louis Democrat* has been an attack upon the Chicago *Tribune*; the *Intelligencer* of the next day would skip and mangle a few of its hard hits, and the *Union* would copy portions of both articles and defence, with original and spicy comments of its own thereon. Pitch in, gentlemen, we are happy that you have so excellent a subject to talk about.

APPOINTMENT.—Capt. Henry Allendorf, of St. Louis, has been appointed U. S. Mail Agent between that city and Chicago, and has entered upon his duties.

THE THIRD "GRAND RALLY" OF THE DEMOCRACY.

The pro-Nebraska Democracy are evidently determined to stick to the principles that "*Perseverance never wearies*," or as a Sucker would say, "perseverance and seven oil does wonders." They have flashed out twice here in their attempts to put the Nebraska swindle upon us, but they're not going to try it again on Saturday afternoon next. On this occasion, Lieutenant Governor William of Indiana, is certainly to speak, and it is expected that Douglas, Beckwridge, and Gov. Powell of Ky., and Senator Pugh of Ohio, will also be on hand. The first three are shareholders, and from this fact we suppose the defence of the Nebraska Bill will be assigned to them especially. It certainly would be very appropriate. As shareholders they have a pecuniary interest in the opening of slave markets and the extension of slavery, and therefore they can better see and better understand the beauties and advantages of the Nebraska measure, and can speak more earnestly and feelingly in its support. But how the citizens of Chicago will relish this foreign pro-slavery interference in their affairs, is a different thing. Appropriate advocates of the Nebraska bill as shareholders are, they are not appropriate persons to dictate, or even advise, as to how the hard-earning free money of the Free States shall cast their votes, when the issue is between Freedom and Slavery. To Gen. E. Pugh, the fourth speaker, will doubtless be assigned the task of demolishing the Know Nothings. Being a member of the Miami Tribe, a secret political organization of the Cincinnati Democracy, and thus having personal knowledge of its low intrigues and corrupt influence, and by assuming that one secret political organization is like another, it is calculated that he will be able to give the Know Nothings "particular fits!" And so the programme of entertainment is well filled. Three slave holders for the Nebraska measure, and one of the Miami Tribe for the Know Nothings!

But it must be distinctly understood that we *do not* announce these gentlemen positively to appear here on Saturday. We only give publicity to the rumors afloat, through the ranks of the Democracy, as to what will be the programme for the third grand Nebraska Fizzle.

ANOTHER OF THE CORRESPONDENTS.

The Detroit *Free Press*, a violent pro-Nebraska paper, was so confident that Senator Douglas' head, that he would whip the citizens of Chicago into acquiescence to his Nebraska infamy, would be carried into execution, that it sent up a special reporter to this city on Friday last, to see that "whipping in" performed, and report the glorious event for the columns of the *Free Press*, where it would appear for the delectation and edification of all the doughfaces of Michigan.—What the "pheelinks" of that correspondent must have been, at the close of the meeting, "can be more easily imagined than described," as the yellow covers say. However, a letter must be written, and it was written. It appears in the *Free Press* of Tuesday, and we have just finished its perusal. It is rich; so rich that we clip the following passages from it for the amusement of our readers. The writer evidently goes upon the principle that when a lie *must* be told, it is better to tell a "whopper" at once, and not be detected in telling "little fibs." He believes, undoubtedly, that he might as well be hung for a sheep as a lamb, and does not hesitate at any falsehood, when it will serve his purpose. To the extracts:

After saying that the meeting was held at the *South Market*, the correspondent proceeds:

"At an early hour in the afternoon, a large crowd of several thousand people had congregated, and at 9 the entire square in front of the market, the street up and down, and every eligible house-top, were crowded with human beings. At the call and instigation of the *Tribune*, many had come armed to the teeth. A well organized body of Germans, Know Nothings and negroes, occupied the front of the stand little to the left. From this crowd of cut-throats, blackguards and traitors, ever and anon came groans and hisses, mingled with curses and obscenity that would shock the lowest London fish-woman that ever swore."

He then goes on to give something like a description of the remarks of Douglas, as published the next morning in our city papers, in the course of which he reports Mr. Douglas as saying:

"That this is founded on that great principle which our forefathers acknowledged and established long ago, the right of the people to regulate their own government. [Here pistols were fired, eggs thrown, and cries of—go down there, &c., rang from the ranks of the abolitionists, negroes, and Know Nothings.]"

Towards the close of his letter this correspondent gets quite excited and cites a little into the highfalutin strain, as follows:

"Up to this time Mr. Douglas had been frequently and disgracefully interrupted by rowdies and negroes, who had been hired and organized and drilled for the purpose of breaking up the meeting. And now, as he had enlisted the attention of the crowd, and as his eloquence and logic were beginning to tell, the most infernal yelling by the same cause except in preventing the truth from being told. Therefore, acknowledging their fear of the man and his influence over his masses, they again raised their hideous and beastly howlings. Cries of 'kill him!' 'shoot him!' were heard. And then the Senator presented a still bolder front, and, facing the multitude, opened the breast of his coat, and if ever any face talked with a tongue—if ever any head and eye and lip expressed a defiant expression, so his did when the cry of 'kill him!' rose from a hundred traitor throats. And, reader, what do you think his face told them? Well, as nobody could interpret the language, it must be left to your shrewdness, reader, and hearts, I am not particularly frightened, though you constantly hit of my shoulder, and shake his arm as if he intended to shoot me, he can shoot and be d——d. I can't run away. That is the way he looked, and he drew down his pocket, very coolly, a letter from the Secretary of the Administration in Chicago, which he read aloud, informing himself and friends that he would be protected from gambling, even at the peril of *another day of the life*,' and told them he had spoken, and was happy to state, would speak again in Chicago; and if any one desired to kill him, they could embrace the present or some future opportunity, as might suit their own convenience and pleasure. He then proceeded, notwithstanding the uproar, to speak again, but succeeded in making himself but imperfectly heard. Finally, Mr. Douglas, *full of faith, good humor, and Young America*, at half-past ten left the stand, though we do believe he would have remained there and talked them all still, or talked until now, had it not been for his friends and their earnest entreaties that he should retire.

"The conduct of the opposition was such as would disgrace the lowest pot-house and ninehouse of the New York Five Points. It only disgraced itself and Chicago, while his consideration of Douglas was a most unequivocal and worthy compliment to one of the greatest men now living. In another letter I will give you further particulars of the whole affair."

We shall look with interest for the appearance of the other letter. The falsehoods contained in the above are too obvious to need contradiction from us. It would be a work of supererogation to say the whole letter is a tissue of lies. Perhaps our friends of the *Journal* can find some comfort in it, as they seem to take something of the same view of the matter as the *Free Press* man does. If they can find him, he would be glad to have him aid in them as a witness in confirming their statements relative to the incorrectness of our report of the meeting.

By the way, the idea of Douglas leaving the stand, "full of faith, good humor and Young America," is not a bad one. "Faith is the substance of things hoped for;" the evidence of things not seen." It certainly required Faith to see anything in that meeting favorable to Douglas and his cabal, and they must have had it in a preponderant degree, if they "hoped for" anything better in the *future*. "Good humor" may be manifested by a countenance distorted and livid with rage, and by shaking the fist in the face of an antagonist, but is not generally expressed in that way. As to the "Young American," for shame, for shame. He was full of "Young American," direct from the corner of Dearborn and Randolph streets. The Devil himself sometimes calls the truth, and this correspondent of the *Free Press* has, in this one instance, followed his example. "Full of Young America!" That is not bad. "Full of Young America!" Is, in Old Nicholas would say, "a good phrase."

☞ An amusing affair occurred at Baltimore a few days ago. A dray loaded with casks of beer was standing in front of a grocery, and while the driver was delivering a cask to the bearer of the same, a dog fastened itself out of one of the casks on the dray, making a loud report, frightening the horse so that he ran off at full speed, and causing the beer to spout almost as high as the surrounding houses. The driver ran, the boys ran, the dogs ran, the beer ran, and altogether it was quite a "mess."

POLITICS IN PENNSYLVANIA: TRIUMPH OF THE REPUBLICAN PARTY THERE.

The Free-Democratic, or Freesoil party of Pennsylvania have recently held a convention, and resolved to withdraw their own ticket and support Judge Pollock, the Whig candidate for Governor. He, therefore, now stands forward under their recommendation and endorsement, but simply as the Whig candidate, but as the candidate of the great anti-Nebraska party of the State for Governor. As such there is no longer any reasonable doubt of the triumphant success of his ticket. The Whigs and Free Democrats of the State possess an overwhelming majority, and when their strength is united and fully brought out, as it will be in October, it will prove perfectly irresistible.

To render the matter more certain, Governor Bigler, the present incumbent, and the Democratic candidate for re-election, has at last been forced to declare his sentiments on the Nebraska Bill, and has come out in favor of the measure. For some time past there has been a controversy among his friends as to his real views on the Nebraska bill, one party contending that he was opposed to it, and had so declared himself, the other maintaining that he was in favor of it; the design of this policy being to retain for the Governor, if possible, the vote of all sections of the party. The Governor, however, has found it impossible to maintain this double-faced position; and since he has mounted the stump he has been compelled to show his hand without reserve.

He recently made a speech at a public meeting in Fulton county, where he *fully endorsed the principles of the Nebraska bill*, and planted himself upon the very platform which ex-Speaker Chase declared he would not endorse nor run upon.—We quote from the Valley Spirit, a Democratic paper published at Chambersburg, whose editor was present and heard the speech:

"Governor Bigler said he was a member of the Democratic party, and that party had a right to demand whether he subscribed to the great democratic principle of self-government embodied in the Nebraska bill. To that demand he was ready to respond. The republican principle of self-government was the leading feature in the very essence of the adjustment of 1850, commonly called the Compromise measures. That adjustment Governor Bigler endorsed and defended before the people in the campaign of 1851, and the people rendered a verdict in his favor. The same principle precisely was incorporated in the Nebraska bill. He approved that principle in 1851, and he approved it in 1854. He had defended the Compromise measures, *and he would defend the Nebraska bill*, which was founded on the same great republican principle of self-government."

The anti-Nebraska Democrats of the State—and they are neither few nor far between—have now no alternative before them. They cannot consistently support this man Bigler. He has equivocated, prevaricated, hesitated on this subject ever since it became an issue—now condemning it, anon praising it, and then anxious to keep silent on it; and finally he has terminated his own doubts and those of his party by following the pro-slavery instincts and in an unqualified support of the most gigantic iniquity of the age. To yield support to such a man would not only be to endorse the long vacillating and ultimately contemptible course he has chosen to pursue, but would stultify all the professions and sentiments of those democrats who are sincerely opposed to the Nebraska iniquity. A decent sense of self-respect must lead them to cast their votes only for such candidates as are opposed to the outrage they condemn.

We confidently expect to hear from Pennsylvania, on the second Tuesday in October, that she has rolled up a majority of thirty-five thousand votes for Judge Pollock, and the Anti-Nebraska Ticket.

WHO HOLDS THE OFFICES?

It is often asserted in the papers, and at town meetings, that foreigners hold two-thirds of the offices in the United States. A statement so disparaging to the intelligence and ability of native born citizens, induced a correspondent of the Baltimore *Patriot* to make out a list of nativities of the public officers of the United States, showing that out of 4,403 offices, 3,993 were filled by native born Americans, and but 410 by naturized foreigners. Finding the statement in so respectable a paper, and believing it to be correct, we published it on our first page two weeks ago. It appears, however, that the statement was incorrect in several important particulars. It was said for instance, that in Washington City, there were 1,329 native born American office-holders; and only 104 foreigners. The *Hoffman's Journal* says:

"The correctness of this estimate will be seen when we examine the list of Custom House officers, in the different States, in which alone 1837 foreigners are employed, and only 215 Americans! We have taken pains to obtain a correct list of the employees of the general government. The following is the result, and we defy any one to show that it is incorrect, in any essential particular:

	Amer.	For.
Washington, D. C.		
State Department,	12	16
Treasury Department,	139	278
Department of the Interior,	258	360
Officers and agents in the service of the House of Representatives,	10	40
Post Office Department.	14	80
Ministers and Consuls,	130	196
Coast Survey,	15	30
United States Mint,	25	12
Lighthouse board, inspectors and keepers,	34	392
United States Revenue, Marine service,	35	50
	767	1184

Thus then, instead of 401, we have a total of One thousand four hundred and eighty four foreigners, to *seven hundred and sixty seven Americans!*

It may be, and doubtless is true, that the great majority of the offices alluded to are small, petty offices of little moment—watchmen, tide-waiters, messengers, porters, lock-tenders, &c. But that makes no difference. They might as well be filled by Americans, as by foreigners. It is an undeniable fact that the leaders of the Democratic party, for the sake of conciliating the foreign vote, have given these little offices, wherever they could do so, to foreigners. In cities, where they make "policemen officers out of every Paddy who will vote the 'democratic' ticket, the evil is much greater. Hence the frequent murders and riots in the cities. Mayor Conrad of Philadelphia, has taken a noble stand in this matter, having resolved to appoint as police officers, none but native born Americans. Let us hope that this is the first step towards a new order of things, and that the time is not far distant, when AMERICANS SHALL RULE AMERICA.

PEOPLE'S CONVENTION.

The last number of the Rock Island *Advertiser* contains a call for the citizens of Rock Island Co., opposed to the extension of Slavery, and who are willing to disregard all party distinctions, and make common cause to secure free territory and free men, to meet at the Court House in Rock Island, on the 9th day of September, inst., to appoint delegates to the State Convention at Springfield, and Congressional Convention at Aurora, on the 20th of Sept. next.

The call is signed by over two hundred names of men of all parties, Whigs, Democrats and Freesoilers.

☞ The St. Louis *Democrat* says that Miss Agnes Robertson is playing at Washington. No other paper has that news! Miss Robertson is playing at our Theatre, and has been here for the last ten days. The *Democrat* is either vastly in advance of, or behind the times.

☞ September commenced his reign at quite an early hour this morning. *Young Keepers of Pretty Gals!*

Up to the time we write this, (Wednesday morning) he had not commenced his rain here, although the city is almost dying for it. There is, as we write, some small prospect of a slight sprinkle, and we forbear further complaint.

☞ The following item from the Syracuse *Standard* must possess great interest for Barnum:

"If he can secure an extraordinary *horse* attraction for his museum, he will prove the most profitable guest of his life. The *Standard* says:

"'Helen Brown' passed our office, going east on the Erie Canal, on Sunday afternoon. She was propelled by a screw wheel in her stern, and was going about six miles an hour."

THE IOWA ELECTION.

A letter from Burlington, Iowa, dated August 29th, gives revised returns of the members elect to the Legislature. They sum up:

	Anti-Nebraska.	*Dodge & Douglas.*
Senate	16	14
House	41	29
Joint ballot	57	43

One Senator (from Polk, &c.,) to be heard from; one tie in the House, (from South county.) We understand that some of the members classed as anti-Nebraska are not whigs.

The same letter gives us returns for Congress from all the counties in the Southern District but eight very few ones, which foot up

Majorities in ten counties for Clark,	1,558
Majorities in seventeen counties for Hall	1,390
	149

R. L. B. Clark (anti-Douglas) ahead

The counties to be heard from are Adair, Audubon, Montgomery, Page, Ringgold, Taylor, Union and Wayne, only three of which were organized in '52, when those three gave Scott 82, and Pierce 106 votes. The correspondent thinks they all cannot now have given over fifty majority either way, and that Clark is consequently elected.

THE "PEOPLE" RISING IN INDIANA.

From a Democratic friend in the "Pocket" or 1st Congressional District of Indiana, a gentleman who has always been a firm adherent to the party, we received the following note, yesterday, in regard to the Congressional nominations just made in the District:

Princeton, Indiana, Sept. 1.

Editor of Tribune:—We had a convention at Petersburg, in this District, a few weeks ago, at which Sierra Miller of this county, our last Congressman, was nominated as the Democratic candidate for Congress. Mr. Miller voted for the Nebraska bill, to which I am opposed, and which is very generally opposed over the District, particularly the clause repealing the Missouri Compromise, and his nomination gave great dissatisfaction. A "People's Convention" was accordingly called at the same place for the 24th of August to nominate an opposition candidate, opposed to the Nebraska bill. This convention took place on the day designated in the call; it was large, composed of Democrats, Whigs, Free-boilers, Temperance men, &c., a formidable opposition. The object of the convention, as avowed, was to put down that species of demagogueism so long practised by partisan politicians upon this platform Anti-Nebraskaism. Judge Samuel Hall, of Princeton, former Lieutenant Governor, received the nomination. I think it more than probable Miller will be defeated. Had they nominated a Democrat instead of a Whig, Miller would most certainly have been defeated, and I still he think he will be beat, for he is a weak man, while Judge Hall is quite the reverse, and she constitution against Miller is powerful.

Besides the resolutions already mentioned, a society has sprung up denominated "Know Nothings;" they are numerous and increasing throughout the whole district. Are there any with you? If there are, they must be in a minority, owing to the large foreign population of Chicago.

Yours, &c.

Illinois Correspondence of the N. Y. Exc. Post.

Princeton, August 28, 1854.

The Approaching Elections—Probable Result —Richardson—T. L. Harris—Yates, Knox, Washburne and Norton—Wentworth to be laid aside—The Weather—The Crops.

I think it is Sheridan who, in an epigram referring to a certain lady, says, "A dissolution will talk of what runs in her head." This may be so; and perhaps it is as natural for people to write of what is uppermost in their minds at this time but little is doing in this region but Nebraska and Anti-Nebraska, slavery and anti-slavery, and public attention seems to be more than usually excited in expectancy for the people to express themselves through the election approaches. No canvass of equal interest to the people of Illinois with the present has happened in many a year. Indeed, the only memorable struggle for the introduction of slavery in the early history of the State. Every effort possible will be made by Douglas and his friends to carry a triumphant majority, and equal exertions, I have no doubt, will be made to defeat him and those associated in his views. He is to be members of Congress and Legislature. That the opponents of Mr. Douglas and his schemes will carry a majority of the members of Congress and of the larger branch of the Legislature is, I think, pretty certain. The State Senate is more in doubt, as one half of the old members hold over; and are, I think, Douglas men. Nebraska resolutions are getting to be quite common, and are numerously attended. Two or three thousand are got up in a county of the usual county meetings of the liberty-loving people of Illinois. No nominations have been made for Congress except by the Douglas men in Richardson's and Yates' districts. In the former Richardson is re-nominated, and I presume is put upon a Southern platform. In the other district Thomas L. Harris, who was a member some six years since, is put upon the track upon an out-and-out proslavery platform. He will be beaten, of course.—Richardson, with all his faults, (and they are not few, both political and personal,) is something of a popular with a certain class of western people. He has a reckless, devil-may-care manner, which takes with the "backwoodsmen," which is quite a numerous class in his district. Opposed to him is Archibald Williams, an old inhabitant—a man of great ability, smooth, oily and of great good nature and good power. With such a very respectable representative if elected, which will likely depend upon the German vote of the district, the result is somewhat a close one, and the Germans are supposed to hold the balance in their hands. This district, and that at present represented by Yates, will be the most hotly contested of any in the State. Richardson will die hard; but no honorable means will be spared to give him the political death he so richly deserves. Yates, I believe, will be most triumphantly elected. So will Knox, Washburne and Norton, in their respective districts.

In the Chicago district Wentworth will be laid aside. The people are sick of him. A new man will take his place—a man, I trust, of more integrity, and of more dignity of character. As to myself, I have not been spoken of, nor do I in this district, his defeat will be no loss on that score. I look with great confidence for the election of Gov. and Lieut. Gov. Bissell, and all the Nebraska Congressmen will be elected from Illinois in November next. In the southern and south-eastern districts, now represented by the two Allens, I think there is no hope of any change for the better.

Many eminent speakers are expected to address the people of this state, during the next two months. Giddings, Chase and Julian are coming, and probably others. But we want another speaker, who has

DAILY TRIBUNE.

CITY OF CHICAGO.

LOCAL MATTERS.

WHIG CONVENTION—SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

The Whigs of the Second Congressional District are requested to meet by counties, at such times and places as may be most convenient to them respectively, and appoint delegates to a District Convention to be held at Aurora on Wednesday the 20th day of September next, for the purpose, upon consultation, of taking such measures in regard to the nomination of a candidate for Congress in the District as will best secure the strength of the party in a united effort with other friends of Freedom, in opposition to the aggression and extension of slavery.

The following counties compose the District, viz: Cook, DuPage, Kane, De Kalb, Lee, Whiteside and Rock Island.

The ratio of apportionment will be based upon the census of 1850, allowing one delegate for each county, in addition to one for every three thousand inhabitants and one for each fraction over two thousand.

RICHARD L. WILSON,
ARCHIBALD CLYBOURNE,
MYRON V. HALL,
S. B. STYLES,
NATHANIEL BELCHER,
District Committee.

Post Office.

Postmaster Cook has given public notice to all persons having outside door keys, that the outside door of the Post Office will be locked at 9 o'clock every evening, and opened at 6 1-2 o'clock every week day morning. On Sundays, it will be unlocked from 7 1-2 to 8 1-2 o'clock in the morning, and from 5 to 6 o'clock in the evening—besides the regular opening of the office. This step has been caused by those having keys leaving the outer door open, whenever they entered or left the office—thus giving admittance to a large crowd, who frequently caused much trouble and disturbance to those engaged within.

EDUCATIONAL.—We call attention to the advertisement of the Garden City Institute, which commenced its ninth session on Monday, 4th inst. It is located in a quiet and healthy part of the city, and is reputed to be one of the very best conducted schools in the city.

Marine.

Among the arrivals at the port of Buffalo on the 2nd, were the following from Chicago—barque Black Wagtier; brig Champion; schooner Flying Cloud. Cleared on the same day for this port—steamer Minnesota; propeller Sun; barque North Star; schooner Excelsior.

Arrived at Buffalo on the 3d and 4th from Chicago—propeller Republic; schooners Chapman, Albatross and Hurricane. Cleared on the 4th, for this port—propeller Oriental.

☞ The notice published by us recently of the marriage of Mr. JAMES B. SMITH of New Haven, Conn., is incorrect. Mr. Smith informs us that he is not married, and we are sorry for it.

☞ We are under obligations to General Shields, U. S. Senator, for a copy of the United States Census, in full, for 1850. It is now four years old.

Reinstated.

At the meeting of the Common Council on Tuesday evening, Red Jacket Engine Company No. 4 was disbanded, by a vote of 8 to 2. The "machine" is in custody of the Chief Engineer. We are not informed as to the cause of this movement.

Mrs. Mr. Dra's Juvenile Singing School for the South Division opens at 7 o'clock this morning, in the building No. 170 Clark street, and will be open twice each week hereafter—Thursday and Saturday. The school for West Division will open on the 9th, and be held twice each week—Wednesday and Saturday. The school in the North Division opens on the same day, and will be held same as in West Division.

Mr. D. is so famous as a teacher of vocal music to the juvenile, that anything we could say would be superfluous.

Economical.

Mr. Patrick Coffey, Street Commissioner for South Division, wishes us to publish the following note, which he has lately received:

CHICAGO, Sept. 1st, 1854.

Mr. P. Coffey, Esq.,

Dear Sir:—I send you this note to inform you that your labor bills on the streets and alleys of the South Division will not be paid if they exceed six men; and no team work will be allowed, nor will any pay be allowed for superintending after the present week.

Respectfully yours,
J. H. GRAY, Chairman,
Com. Streets and Alleys, S. D.

To the Trib.

Young Men's Lyceum.

MR. EDITOR:—As you are said to be interested in every movement calculated to further the culture of society, you can but give your aid to the Young Men's Lyceum of this city. I attended the opening meeting on Tuesday evening—There were not many present, but those who were there had all the apparent stamina and decision necessary to be leaders of a good organization of the kind. Mr. J. J. McGilvra delivered a short extempore address on the occasion, choosing for his subject "Popular Opinion." His remarks did honor not only to himself but to the Society, of which he is a member.

Mr. C. L. Jenks, the President, made some appropriate references to the importance of lyceums and institutions for the cultivation of public speaking generally.

A question of interest was chosen for the ensuing week's discussion, and arrangements made for meeting the room (Sawyer's Seminary) for the season.

Thus another hour was spent in a Lyceum—It is the band that points back to many happy ones passed in similar situations. I am glad that the young men of this city have started so good a cause—that they have broken away from the bonds of gain and enticement of pleasure, for substantial good and lasting enjoyment. There is no doubt but the effort will be nobly sustained.

E.

Meeting on board the Steamer Lady Elgin.

At a meeting of the passengers, held on board the steamer Lady Elgin, on Friday, September 1st, 1854, in the Harbor of Manitowoc, Wisconsin:

On motion of Mr. Robert Knapp, of Racine, Mr. James A. Rogers, of New York City, took the chair; and Mr. J. B. Sackett of Buffalo was appointed Secretary.

The object of the meeting having been stated, a committee of three were appointed for the purpose of drafting resolutions, consisting of Messrs. Lake of New York City, Hemstreet of Oak Creek, Wis., and Knapp of Racine.

The Committee reports as follows:

Whereas, the steamer Lady Elgin, on her downward trip from Chicago to Buffalo, August 31st, 1854, while in a dense fog, 6 miles south of the Harbor of Manitowoc, met with a serious accident by striking a rock, causing her to spring a leak, thereby endangering the lives of those on board; and we, the undersigned, being of the number, feel it a pleasure to express our gratitude by adopting the following resolutions:

Resolved, That we tender to Capt. L. Chamberlain our grateful thanks for his skill and seamanship, in bringing the Lady Elgin, with all on board, safely into port.

Resolved, That we tender to the gentlemanly officers of the said steamer our thanks for the prompt attention to the wants of all on board, and for their unremitting efforts to obtain the safety of the timid in the hour of danger.

Resolved, That this is one of those instances on the part of the officers of a steamship boat to all good seamen on our lakes, and that we entirely commend Capt. L. Chamberlain from any blame or neglect on his part, being—as he is always found—at his post, endeavoring to save his very safety through the dark fog, giving to others the timely warning and orders, thereby subjecting on it on his own account.

Resolved, That a copy of the above resolutions be published in the New York city, Buffalo, Chicago, Milwaukee and Racine daily papers.

Messrs. Lake & Rogers, 4 to 1. Knapp, 1 to 1. Hemstreet, 2 to 1. Field, not taken.

Burglary.

The dwelling of Alderman J. H. Gray, on the corner of Madison and Clark streets, was entered at a late hour on Tuesday night, and a pair of pants carried off. In the pockets were $145, also a check for $62 on J. H. Burch & Co. The house was entered by turning the key from the outside. There was a light burning in the room at the time.

Drowned.

DROWNED.—An Irish lad, about four years of age, was accidentally drowned yesterday noon, in a reservoir on Madison street, near the corner of Franklin.

CARL BERGMANN.—We are highly gratified to learn that Carl Bergmann, one of our most talented musicians, and one of the best and most readers of composers, for many years leader of the justly favorite Germania Musical Society, will make Chicago his home, and exert among us his talents, as teacher of Piano Forte, Singing, Violin, Violincello, Organ Thorough Bass, and Musical Composition.

Our enterprising Philharmonic Society have made a most satisfactory arrangement with Mr. Bergmann, by which he assumes the leadership of the Society, for the ensuing year; and, under his able direction, we shall expect some "tall things" from them, this winter.

Carl Bergmann's capacities as a teacher, and as an able and thorough musician, are too well known to call for any eulogium from us. He will receive but a limited number of pupils, and we advise those who wish to profit from his tuition, to make early applications.

Mr. B. is expected here on or about the 15th of this month, and until his arrival, Messrs. Mould & Green, music dealers, 98 Lake Street, and Mr. Dykeneuth, (at R. K. Swift's Bank,) are authorized to make engagements for him.—*Journal.*

SALES BY AUCTION.

L. A. SEYS, JR. & CO.,
AUCTION AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS
NO. 78 WEST WATER STREET, CHICAGO, ILL.
Strictly attend to the sale of Merchandise, Real Estate, &c.
L. A. SEYS, JR. | GEO. P. GOODE.

WM. H. HASKELL,
Auctioneer
COMMISSION & FORWARDING MERCHANT
NO. 3 WATER ST., PEORIA, ILL.

JAMES A. MARSHALL & CO.,
AUCTION & COMMISSION MERCHANTS
LOOK, LADDS, CUTLERY, CROCKERY, STOVES
No. 35 Dearborn Street, Chicago.
JAMES A. MARSHALL. | C. P. WELD.

TO CITY AND COUNTRY MERCHANTS.
WASHINGTON SMITH,
SUCCESSOR TO JOHN OSBORN OF
DRY GOODS,
143....SOUTH WATER STREET....143
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.
WOULD CALL THE ATTENTION OF BUYERS, to his extensive stock and unsurpassed assortment of
FANCY AND STAPLE DRY GOODS,
which he is now receiving from New York, comprising a large and extensive stock of both Foreign and Domestic
COTTON, WOOLEN & LINEN FABRICS,
of every style and description.
White Goods, Embroideries, Ribbons, Trimmings, Gloves and Hosiery.
Jenkins' Buttons and Fancy Articles,
Shawls, Shirts, Frills, Cravats, Collarets, Bobinet, &c. &c.
FANCY DRESS GOODS,
of every description of the New and Greatly admired styles.
Having been long and largely in jobbing, was fully aware of the necessity of the best judges and closest buyers, and therefore with the assistance of their aid and advice, am prepared to offer
Inducements to Purchasers
not to be found in the West.
WADSWORTH & WELLS,
MANUFACTURING AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN BOOTS, SHOES & RUBBERS,
No. 127 NORTH WATER STREET, 127
CHICAGO, ILL.
WE ARE NOW RECEIVING, direct from the manufacturers, the most extensive stock of Boots, Shoes and Rubbers ever offered in this city, and which, from the extensive facilities we have for manufacturing, we are enabled to offer to the trade on the most favorable terms. Call and examine for yourselves.
WADSWORTH & WELLS,
No. 127 North Water street.
Cloths, Cassimeres,
AND VESTINGS.
FIELD, BENEDICT & CO.,
BEG leave to inform the trade that they are now receiving a full and complete assortment of
WOOLLEN GOODS
FOR THE FALL TRADE.
We request an early call from our Old Customers, and would be happy to make the acquaintance of all engaged in the trade.
Our facilities for supplying the trade are what they claim to be unsurpassed, and we feel confident that it is to the INTEREST of the trade to make their purchases in Chicago.
FIELD, BENEDICT & CO.,
171 SOUTH WATER STREET 171
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.
N. Y. JOURNAL for Sale at 50 cents per Month. SELLEN & CO.
MOULD & GREENE'S
CHICAGO
PIANO FORTE
WARE ROOMS.

We are SOLE AGENTS in Chicago
FOR THE SALE OF THE
PIANO FORTES
OF
CHICKERING & SONS, Boston.
HALLETT & CUMSTON, "
BACON & RAVEN, New York.
W. P. EMERSON, Boston.
These Pianos have been long and thoroughly tested by the best Musical Professors in the country, and have been highly approved by them.
THE BEST PIANOS
made in the United States. A full and complete stock of the different styles may at all times be found at our Rooms,
No. 98 LAKE STREET,
For Sale, at the LOWEST FACTORY PRICES, and on the MOST LIBERAL TERMS.
All Pianos bought of us will be FULLY WARRANTED, and may be depended upon as being of the BEST QUALITY, as we will sell none else.
☞ Old Pianos taken in part payment for new.
NOTICE PARTICULAR.
Persons wishing to hear a Piano, and decide as to color of Piano Forte, may confidently rely upon our selling the best instruments we have.
MOULD & GREENE,
98 LAKE STREET.

Married.

In Chicago, on the 6th inst., by Rev. Mr. Hemingway, Mr. JAMES B. SMITH, of New Haven, Conn., to Miss ELLEN E. FOX.

Post Office.

Mails will close at the Post Office in this city, for the following places, during the week ending Saturday, Sept. 9th, 1854:

Aurora, Ill.	6 P. M.
Bloomington, Ill.	6 P. M.
Dixon, Ill.	6 P. M.
Elgin, Ill.	6 P. M.
Galena, Ill.	6 P. M.
Geneva, Ill.	6 P. M.
Ottawa, Ill.	6 P. M.
Peoria, Ill.	6 P. M.
Rockford, Ill.	6 P. M.
Rock Island, Ill.	6 P. M.
Southport, Wis.	6 P. M.
Waukegan, Ill.	6 P. M.
Wheaton, Ill.	6 P. M.
Detroit, Mich.	6 P. M.
Milwaukee, Wis.	6 P. M.
Michigan City, Ind.	6 P. M.
Niles, Mich.	6 P. M.
Racine, Wis.	6 P. M.
Kenosha, Wis.	6 P. M.
Janesville, Wis.	6 P. M.
Beloit, Wis.	6 P. M.
Madison, Wis.	6 P. M.
Fond du Lac, Wis.	6 P. M.
Green Bay, Wis.	6 P. M.
Oshkosh, Wis.	6 P. M.
Portage City, Wis.	6 P. M.
Prairie du Chien, Wis.	6 P. M.
Sheboygan, Wis.	6 P. M.
Watertown, Wis.	6 P. M.
Whitewater, Wis.	6 P. M.
Buffalo, N. Y.	6 P. M.
Cleveland, Ohio	6 P. M.
Detroit, Mich.	6 P. M.
Toledo, Ohio	6 P. M.
Cincinnati, Ohio	6 P. M.
Columbus, Ohio	6 P. M.
Dayton, Ohio	6 P. M.
Springfield, Ohio	6 P. M.
Terre Haute, Ind.	6 P. M.
Indianapolis, Ind.	6 P. M.
Lafayette, Ind.	6 P. M.
Logansport, Ind.	6 P. M.
Michigan City, Ind.	6 P. M.
Peru, Ind.	6 P. M.
Rochester, Ind.	6 P. M.
Wabash, Ind.	6 P. M.
Warsaw, Ind.	6 P. M.
Fort Wayne, Ind.	6 P. M.
Pittsburgh, Pa.	6 P. M.
Philadelphia, Pa.	6 P. M.
New York City	6 P. M.
Boston, Mass.	6 P. M.
Albany, N. Y.	6 P. M.
Troy, N. Y.	6 P. M.
Utica, N. Y.	6 P. M.
Rochester, N. Y.	6 P. M.
Syracuse, N. Y.	6 P. M.
Canandaigua, N. Y.	6 P. M.
Auburn, N. Y.	6 P. M.
Ithaca, N. Y.	6 P. M.
Owego, N. Y.	6 P. M.
Binghamton, N. Y.	6 P. M.
Elmira, N. Y.	6 P. M.
Corning, N. Y.	6 P. M.
Hornellsville, N. Y.	6 P. M.
Bath, N. Y.	6 P. M.
Dansville, N. Y.	6 P. M.
Geneseo, N. Y.	6 P. M.
Batavia, N. Y.	6 P. M.
Albion, N. Y.	6 P. M.
Lockport, N. Y.	6 P. M.
Rochester, N. Y.	6 P. M.
Canada West	6 P. M.
Hamilton, C. W.	6 P. M.
Toronto, C. W.	6 P. M.
Kingston, C. W.	6 P. M.
Montreal, C. W.	6 P. M.
Quebec, C. W.	6 P. M.
Portland, Me.	6 P. M.
Augusta, Me.	6 P. M.
Bangor, Me.	6 P. M.
Halifax, N. S.	6 P. M.
St. John, N. B.	6 P. M.
Fredericton, N. B.	6 P. M.
Arichat, N. S.	6 P. M.
Pictou, N. S.	6 P. M.
Prince Edward Island	6 P. M.
Newfoundland	6 P. M.
Sandwich Islands	6 P. M.
Europe	6 P. M.

Fire.

The alarm of fire on Tuesday evening, was occasioned by the burning of a small frame building on the corner of Clark and Lake streets, owned by Mr. Wm. Hamilton, and occupied by Mr. Wm. Hamilton, Jr., as a grocery store. Loss about $500; insured for $300 in the Home Insurance Company.

Shipping.

The following vessels are now loading at this port for Buffalo:

Propeller Sun, Wood, for Buffalo, 2500 ft timber, 3 cords wood, 12,000 pickets.

CLEARED.

Steamer Minnesota, McPherson, Green Bay.
Propeller Sun, Wood, Buffalo, 2500 ft timber.
Propeller Castle, Clark, Milwaukee.
Brig John Owen, Montgomery, 1856 bu corn.
Portland, Herron, Buffalo, 11,500 bu corn.
Sch Fred Kimball, Jones, Lafayette's Pier.
" Jas McKay, Morrison, St Joseph.
" Lucinda Hotchkiss, Ward, Two Rivers.
" Wayne, Irons, Grand Haven.
" Atlantic, Fullerton, Racine.

CANAL—ARRIVED,

Brig—Washington, Lefy, Uncle Sam, Get Thereon, R W Sexton, Batavia, and Copenhagen, from La Salle—700 of Joliet, and Little Giant, from Lockport.

CLEARED.

Brigs—Palmer, Scotia, Purcell, L A Kelsey, and Empire State, for La Salle; Scotland, for Ottawa—E Lyon, for Cosby's Mill; Ocean Wave, for Henry, for Joliet—Miss and Dishmont, for Morris.

CANAL RECEIPTS.

Corn, bu	12,000	Stone, t	340
Oats, do	3,719	Wood, do	1,120
Wheat, do	1,000	Hides, do	7,700
Coal, do	30,000	Wool, do	2,500
Flour, bbls	1,000	Sundries, do	1,000
	SHIPMENTS.		
Lumber, ft	300,000	Mdse, lbs	222,217
Shingles, No	10,000	Hogs, Wheat, bbls	25
Staves, do	50,000	Corn, bu	363
Pickets, do	47,764	Iron, lbs	11,000
Ties, do	2,000		

JOHN WEST,
197 Lake St. 197
CARPET
—AND—
FURNISHING WAREHOUSE.
The above establishment is now open, with a choice selection of
NEW GOODS.
CURTAIN MATERIALS, PAPER HANGINGS, Window Shades, Cornices and Wreaths, Gimps and Fringes, and Brocatelle, Rich Cornices and Curtain Bands, Table and Piano Covers, Hearth Rugs, Mats and Drugets, Oil Cloths, Stair Rods and Brass Trimmings, with well-selected Stock of Paper Hangings, Borders, &c.
JOHN WEST, 197 Lake st.
FAMILY LINENS, Table Cloths and Napkins, Towelling, Pillow Linen, Toweling, &c. &c., for jobbing trade. These goods are imported and sold by
JOHN WEST, 197 Lake st.
CARPETS, Extras' Tapestry, Brussels, Three-Ply and Ingrain Carpets, of the latest patterns and designs. A large lot of Ingrain Carpets, which we are selling at 50 cts. to 62 1-2 cts. a yd. worth 75 cts. to 87 1-2 cts. per yard.
JOHN WEST, 197 Lake st.
FURNITURE!
THE NEW WARE-ROOMS
are now supplied with a
Large Stock of Superior Furniture
Of the newest and best designs.
MAHOGANY AND ROSEWOOD
Tetes-a-Tetes, Sofas, Chairs, &c. &c.,
In French Broadcloth and Cloth and Plush.
AT NEW YORK AND BOSTON PRICES.
J. WEST'S
CARPET & GENERAL FURNISHING WAREHOUSE,
197.....LAKE STREET.....197
N. O. SUGARS—20 Hhds in store, and for sale by
C. L. HARMON & CO.
COFFEE—20 Bags Rio, Landing and for sale by
C. L. HARMON & CO.
MOLASSES—20 Hhds N. O., and Sugar House, in store and for sale by
C. L. HARMON & CO.
FOR SALE CHEAP.
Fire Clay, on Kinzie's or Ezra Heath.
A STEAM DREDGING MACHINE, in good order, and capable of hauling 200 yds of earth daily, and having a 30 horse power engine. Will be sold cheap, as I am now out. For further particulars, apply to
JOHN WHITE, Jr.,
Cor. Wells and Kinzie sts.
$30,000 OF RUSSELL'S HITTERS AND PULMONARIA are now being received, and will soon be found in any other Drug House, either East or West. Call at 98 Lake street, and get a Circular.
HERRING'S SALAMANDER SAFES.—On hand, a full assortment of the above Safes, for sale by
C. L. HARMON & CO., Agents.
FAIRBANKS' SCALES—For sale by
C. L. HARMON & CO.
RUBBER GOODS—Manufactured by Boston Belting Co. For sale by
C. L. HARMON & CO.
TOBACCO.—
150 Boxes 7 by 9, 8 and 10, assorted qualities.
20 " C. & R. Full, Goodwin & Bro's & Warwick.
20 Bbls P. C. & Bull.
20 " Macaboy and Scotch Snuff. For sale by
C. L. HARMON & CO.
NOTICE.
The proprietors of the Northern Bank of Chicago hereby give notice that they have withdrawn their circulation, especially that of the Bank of Commerce, Rochester, N. Y.
F. S. KIPP, Pres.
CHEESE.—A Lot of Hamburg and Western Reserve Cheese, for sale by
C. L. HARMON & CO.
CHICAGO FEMALE SEMINARY
156, 158 AND 170 CLARK ST.
A. J. RICHTER, A. M., and Lady, Principals.
THE FALL TERM WILL COMMENCE ON MONDAY next, September 4th.
Instruction will be given in all the branches, both solid and ornamental, taught in the best Female Seminaries of the country.
Pupils 7 to 9 first class teachers are engaged in the Primary Department. A very few pupils can be received and find board and a home in the family of the Principal, at moderate rates.
112 MONROE STREET,
a few doors East of Clark.
SYRUPS—50 Bbls Assorted qualities, for sale by
C. L. HARMON & CO.
NOTICE.
To the Debtors and Creditors of the Estate of Francis D. Clubbe, Deceased.
THE UNDERSIGNED, one of the Executors of the last Will and Testament of FRANCIS D. CLUBBE, late of the City of Chicago, deceased, hereby gives notice to the Debtors and Creditors of said deceased, that he desires all persons indebted to the said Estate to make payment to him at the Merchant's Office in said city for adjustment; and he requests all persons having claims against the said Estate to present the same for allowance, within ten months from the date hereof.
LUTHER NICHOLLS, Executor.
Chicago, 30th August, 1854—6t-2w
HAGAN'S PATENT LEVER HOIST WHEELS, for Stores and Warehouses.
C. L. HARMON & CO., Agents.
DRY GOODS
AT WHOLESALE.
FOR CASH.
T. B. CARTER & CO.,
150 - - - LAKE STREET, - - - 150
HAS now on hand a very large and full Stock of Foreign and Domestic Goods selected for the jobbing trade. They will sell by the piece, or package at the lowest possible prices. au28
EASTERN LEATHER STORE.
KELLY & BLACKBURN, Partners, Importers of French, German and Wisconsin Leather, Dealers and Manufacturers of
FALL STOCK,
which is of superior Tonnage and will retain warm and give satisfaction in wear.
Their Stock is large and well assorted and will be sold at the lowest market price.
To all of which they would particularly call the attention of Leather Dealers and Boot Makers, who are desirous of purchasing Leather that will give satisfaction to their customers.
BARGAINS! BARGAINS!!
JONES & GREGORY,
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ARE NOW RECEIVING a very large Stock of Dry Goods, consisting in part of the following articles:
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BLACK SILKS of the best manufacturers.
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MERINO and SILK PLAIDS of the Richest Colors, and all other styles.
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BROCHE, Long and Square, all colors and qualities.
WOOLEN GOODS.
Large Assortment of Silk and Velvet Bonnets all colors.
LADIES' CLOTH, all colors and qualities.
EMBROIDERIES!
We take pleasure in announcing to the Ladies of this city, of Chicago and vicinity, that we have just received from the Eastern Cities a large and splendid assortment of
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Consisting in part of Sleeves and Bosoms, all sizes and qualities, Flouncings, Insertings and Edgings of WHITE GOODS, also the finest in the lower grades.
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A splendid assortment of Trimmings of the latest fashionable patterns, in which will be found all widths, colors, styles and qualities.
A good assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres and Satinets, Jeans, Linseys, Flannels, Blankets, Quilts, Hosiery, Gloves, Suspenders, Ties and Scarfs, Collars, Cuffs and Bosoms, Linen Handkerchiefs, Linen Cambric, Linen Lawn, Linen Diaper, Table Linen, Napkins, Doylies, &c. &c.
We assure the Public, generally, of it being to their advantage to call and examine our Stock before purchasing, as we will not be excelled in point of quality, variety, style, price or assortment, and we will guarantee satisfaction, or no account, and the money refunded.
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WE HAVE RECEIVED THIS DAY from the Manufacturers, a large assortment of Ladies' Cloth Cloaks, Cloakings, Cloth Caps, Gentlemen's Cloth Caps, Gentlemen's Cassimere Caps, Gentlemen's Cassimere Hats, Gentlemen's Cloth Hats, Gentlemen's Silk Hats, Gentlemen's Fur Hats, Gentlemen's Wool Hats, Gentlemen's Fur Caps, Gentlemen's Wool Caps, Gentlemen's Fur Gloves, Gentlemen's Wool Gloves, Gentlemen's Fur Mittens, Gentlemen's Wool Mittens, Gentlemen's Fur Gauntlets, Gentlemen's Wool Gauntlets, Gentlemen's Fur Wristers, Gentlemen's Wool Wristers, Gentlemen's Fur Collars, Gentlemen's Wool Collars, Gentlemen's Fur Cuffs, Gentlemen's Wool Cuffs, Gentlemen's Fur Boas, Gentlemen's Wool Boas, Gentlemen's Fur Muffs, Gentlemen's Wool Muffs, Gentlemen's Fur Trimmings, Gentlemen's Wool Trimmings, Gentlemen's Fur Linings, Gentlemen's Wool Linings, Gentlemen's Fur Robes, Gentlemen's Wool Robes, Gentlemen's Fur Rugs, Gentlemen's Wool Rugs, Gentlemen's Fur Blankets, Gentlemen's Wool Blankets, Gentlemen's Fur Horse Blankets, Gentlemen's Wool Horse Blankets, Gentlemen's Fur Saddle Cloths, Gentlemen's Wool Saddle Cloths, Gentlemen's Fur Saddle Bags, Gentlemen's Wool Saddle Bags, Gentlemen's Fur Saddle Pads, Gentlemen's Wool Saddle Pads, Gentlemen's Fur Saddle Flaps, Gentlemen's Wool Saddle Flaps, Gentlemen's Fur Saddle Seats, Gentlemen's Wool Saddle Seats, Gentlemen's Fur Saddle Skirts, Gentlemen's Wool Saddle Skirts, Gentlemen's Fur Saddle Girths, Gentlemen's Wool Saddle Girths, Gentlemen's Fur Saddle Straps, Gentlemen's Wool Saddle Straps, Gentlemen's Fur Saddle Bridles, Gentlemen's Wool Saddle Bridles, Gentlemen's Fur Saddle Reins, Gentlemen's Wool Saddle Reins, Gentlemen's Fur Saddle Whips, Gentlemen's Wool Saddle Whips, Gentlemen's Fur Saddle Spurs, Gentlemen's Wool Saddle Spurs, Gentlemen's Fur Saddle Stirrups, Gentlemen's Wool Saddle Stirrups

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